# Data sources guidance for outcome indicators on article 32:

# International cooperation

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## 32.10: Number and proportion of international cooperation agreements that include representative organizations of persons with disabilities as partners

*Level 2: Indicator can be produced with existing data but has not been reported on*

Data for this indicator can be supplied by records kept by a Government's disability focal point or the international development agency.

Other useful resources are the Commitments database of the Global Disability Summit and human rights impact assessments of international cooperation agreements. Further information is available on the "Trade and investment" page of the Office of the United Nations High Commissioner for Human Rights.

## 32.11: Number and proportion of international cooperation agreements in which the inclusion of persons with disabilities is (a) the principal objective and is fundamental to the expected results, (b) a significant and deliberate objective but not the principal reason for the agreement and (c) not targeted at all

*Level 2: Indicator can be produced with existing data but has not been reported on*

Data for this indicator can be supplied by records kept by a Government's disability focal point or the international development agency.

Data for agreements with countries that are members of the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) can be obtained from its database, OECD Data, following the establishment of the disability inclusion and empowerment marker of the Development Assistance Committee. As of 2018, less than 30 per cent of official development assistance was being assessed against it, but that is likely to be expanded. According to a recent review of OECD aid using this marker, only 9 per cent of Committee-marked aid went to projects with disability-inclusive keywords in project titles and descriptions.

## 32.12: Number and proportion of persons with disabilities who benefited from training as a part of international cooperation agreements, disaggregated by sex, age and disability

*Level 2: Indicator can be produced with existing data but has not been reported on*

A Government's disability focal point can request records of activities associated with international cooperation agreements from relevant ministries. Through registration procedures, entities that organize training sessions should keep records on the sex, age and disability status of participants. "Person with disability status" should be applied to individuals self-identifying as having a disability and to those identified as such through the Washington Group short set of questions on functioning.

## 32.13: Percentage of staff from international cooperation agencies, Governments and monitoring frameworks (including all levels of governments and across all sectors, statistics offices and national human rights institutions) who have received training through international cooperation agreements, disaggregated by sex, age and disability

*Level 2: Indicator can be produced with straightforward additions or modifications to existing data collection efforts*

Disability focal points can request administrative records annually from international cooperation agencies, Governments and monitoring frameworks in order to assess their total number of staff and the percentage and number who participated in training. As part of the registration process for attending training, sex and disability status will need to be recorded, and "person with disability status" should be applied to individuals self-identifying as having a disability and to those identified as such through the Washington Group short set of questions on functioning.

## 32.14: Proportion of investment in United States dollars in international cooperation agreements, disaggregated by agreement where inclusion of persons with disabilities is (a) the principal objective and is fundamental to the expected results, (b) a significant and deliberate objective but not the principal reason for the agreement and (c) not targeted at all

*Level 3: Indicator for which acquiring data is more complex or requires the development of data collection mechanisms that are not currently in place*

This information could be collected by a Government's disability focal point, based on budget documents supplied by the various ministries participating in international cooperation agreements. The agreements could be classified based on the information obtained through project documents.

Data for agreements with OECD countries can be obtained from the OECD database, following the establishment of the disability inclusion and empowerment marker of the Development Assistance Committee. As of 2018, less than 30 per cent of official development assistance was being assessed against it, but that is likely to be expanded. According to a recent review of OECD aid using this marker, only 9 per cent of Committee-marked aid went to projects with disability-inclusive keywords in project titles and descriptions.

## 32.15: Proportion of investment in United States dollars on research and access to scientific and technical knowledge, disaggregated by agreement where the inclusion of persons with disabilities is (a) the principal objective and is fundamental to the expected results, (b) a significant and deliberate objective but not the principal reason for the agreement and (c) not targeted at all

*Level 3: Indicator for which acquiring data is more complex or requires the development of data collection mechanisms that are not currently in place*

Researchers who are supported and recognized by national research councils, such as those in Canada and Italy, can be surveyed to determine the inclusivity of their research.

In order to systematize this information, it can be collected as part of the grant application process or from administrative records for all sources of government funding.

## 32.16: Proportion of international cooperation agreements involving the transfer of technology to facilitate access to, and sharing of, accessible and assistive technologies for the benefit of persons with disabilities

### *Level 3: Indicator for which acquiring data is more complex or requires the development of data collection mechanisms that are not currently in place*

This information could be collected by a Government's disability focal point, based on cooperation agreements supplied by the various participating ministries.

It may also be possible to compile this information from the Creditor Reporting System aid activity database, which allows for an analysis of where aid goes, what purposes it serves and what policies it is aimed at implementing. While "disability" or "persons with disabilities" do not yet appear as a classification within "aid by type", this could be included in the future. Like the data set dedicated to "aid projects targeting gender equality and women's empowerment", which derives from the gender equality marker of the Development Assistance Committee, a similar data set could be developed in the future on aid projects targeting persons with disabilities through the use of the new disability inclusion and empowerment marker of the Development Assistance Committee.